

## Wallpaper Hanging Instructions

Please read this document carefully before hanging the wallpaper.

First inspect the rolls to ensure that the wallpaper is in good condition, and that there are no variations in shade or other visible faults. loophouse cannot accept liability for any defects which are apparent at the time of hanging.

After hanging two or three lengths carefully inspect the results to ensure that the wallpaper has a good overall appearance and consistent colour. No claims for hanging costs will be allowed in the event of more than one roll being hung.

If the wallpaper is an overall dark shade then you may need to touch up the ends of the roll with an appropriate colour of wax crayon or felt marker to avoid the white edges from showing.

### Preparing The Walls

Your walls should be clean and dry before hanging the wallpaper. Remove any existing wallpaper and scrape powdery or flaking paint to leave a firm, smooth surface. Nail holes, chips, cracks and wall irregularities should be filled with spackling compound, while surfaces coated with non-gloss paint should be sanded smooth and washed with an all-purpose cleaner. A coat of acrylic primer should then be applied to create an even surface on the wall, making it easier to slide the wallpaper into position.

Heavy-duty lining paper can be used to even the surface of heavily-textured walls and bridges gaps or cracks on problem walls. Cross line the walls and allow the paper to dry thoroughly before applying a coat of primer.

### Pasting

Use a medium, ready-mixed wallpaper paste, and ensure that it is fungicide protected. For best results do not use a solvent based paste.

Apply an even coating of paste to the back of the wallpaper, making sure to cover the edges while avoiding getting paste on the front surface. Leave for around 5 minutes to allow the paste to soak in and the wallpaper to become fully pliable.

### Hanging

When the first length of wallpaper is ready for hanging hold it by the top and place loosely up against the wall, leaving about 5cm surplus at the top, and align the edge vertically. When you are happy with the position then work your way down from the top, smoothing the paper onto the wall with a clean decorators brush and moving from the centre to the edges to remove any bubbles.

Avoid squeezing the paste out of the joins, and ensure any paste on the wallpaper surface is wiped off while still moist using a damp sponge. Take care not to rub the edges. Once set in place gently pull the paper away from the wall enough to trim the surplus at the top, then smooth the paper back onto the wall with the decorators brush. Use the same technique to trim the bottom, and ensure that the wallpaper is firmly set in place.